

THE ROANOKE DAILY TIMES.

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ROANOKE, VA., TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1896.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS TELEGRAMS.
ALL THE NEWS OF THE WORLD.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Virginia: Fair, preceded by light snow in eastern portion in the early morning; slowly rising temperature Tuesday; decidedly warmer Wednesday; variable winds becoming southerly.

The Roof.

We have the paint—you have the roof. We'll make the connection.

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Roanoke Roofing and Metal Cornice Co.,
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Prize Medal Garden Seed
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Massie's Pharmacy
109 Jefferson Street.

Call and get Catalogue and Prices Before Buying.

A FEW BOOKS WORTHY OF NOTE:

Thomas Hardy's Popular Novels:
Tess of the D'Urbervilles.
The Return of the Native.
Jude the Obscure.

Marie Corelli:
The Sorrows of Satan,
Barabbas,
Thelma, Etc.

Stanley Weyman:
A Gentleman of France,
Under the Red Robe,
The Red Cockade.

Lady Nobody, (Maartens)
In Days of Auld Lang Syne, (MacLaren)
Beside the Bonny Briar Bush, (MacLaren).

New Books Received as Published.

THOMPSON-PRICE CO.
10 Campbell St.

"Jefferson Club."

Roig says its the best nickel cigar in the country, and he ought to know. We sell them.

"BARNES" "HE PUTS UP PRESCRIPTIONS."

WHERE TO FIND US:

Southeast corner, Jefferson street and Norfolk avenue. Main entrance on Norfolk avenue, three entrances on Jefferson street. Doors enough to accommodate the crowds.

Tuskegee Negro Conference.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., Feb. 17.—The annual Tuskegee negro conference will be held at Tuskegee, Ala., March 6, 1896, under the auspices of the Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute in the black belt of the South. On March 6 there will be a workers' conference composed of representatives from the different religious organizations or institutions in the South devoted to the interests of the colored people.

East Case Against Barbers.

HAVENHILL, Mass., Feb. 17.—Oliver Armistead, colored, has instituted suit against Louis Valiquet, a barber, for refusing to shave him Saturday night. The colored people of this city complain that they are discriminated against and this is to be made a test case.

A Nice Battle of Flowers.

NICE, Feb. 17.—The second grand battle of flowers took place to-day on the Promenade des Anglaises. The prize winners included Miss Beardslee, of New York, and the Misses North, of Chicago.

Announcement.

We wish to announce to our friends that we have discontinued handling Columbia and Hartford Bicycles, owing to the fact that the Pope Manufacturing Company wish to restrict us to handle their wheels exclusively. We will now have in a line of wheels of high and medium grades. Very respectfully,
YOST FORNER CO.

The United States Government reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

MONROE DOCTRINE IN THE SENATE

Senator Davis Speaks in Favor of His Resolution.

Proposition to Increase the Cadet Appointments—Report in the DuPont Case—Agricultural Appropriation Bill in the House—Secretary Morton's Alleged Attempt at Retaliation—No One Willing to Defend Him in the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The speech of Senator Davis, of Minnesota, supporting the resolution of which he is the author, enunciating the policy of the United States on the Monroe doctrine, was the event of to-day in the Senate. There was added interest and significance in Mr. Davis' utterances, as his resolution voiced the sentiments of a majority of the Senate committee on foreign relations, of which he is a member. The public interest in the subject was evidenced by crowded galleries, the attendance being greater than at any time since the vote on the silver bond bill. Minister Mendonça, of Brazil, and members of his suite occupied seats in the diplomatic gallery.

Mr. Davis spoke for two hours and was accorded close attention throughout. The argumentative features of the speech were frequently punctuated by vigorous and eloquent tributes to the time-honored American doctrine as applicable to Cuba, Hawaii, Mexico and Venezuela.

The language was temperate and conservative, however, and was not the radical utterance some had anticipated. Mr. Davis spoke with gratification of the reports coming from across the Atlantic that a settlement of the Venezuela trouble was likely to be effected, yet the Senator declared with emphasis that the American people would never endorse a settlement based on concessions of any feature of the Monroe doctrine. While minimizing the possibilities of war, the Senator said that a firm and explicit announcement of our policy to resist European encroachments would give the surest guarantee of peace. The rest of the day was given to the military academy appropriation bill, which was under discussion when the Senate adjourned.

The proposition of Mr. Vilas to increase the cadet appointments by two from each State, an aggregate of 90, brought out much debate, the prevailing sentiment being favorable to the increase.

Senator Mitchell, of Oregon, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, to-day presented in the Senate the views of the majority of that committee favoring the seating of Mr. DuPont as Senator from Delaware, in a pamphlet covering more than fifty pages of print.

The report begins with an account of the proceedings of the Delaware legislature on the 9th of last May, when it is claimed that Mr. DuPont was elected. It is also shown that Mr. DuPont received fifteen votes.

The committee concludes that "the whole question of the right of Mr. DuPont to a seat in the Senate, as claimed, turns upon the single question. Had Mr. Watson, then holding and exercising the office of governor of the State of Delaware, a right, under the constitution of that State and the laws of the land, to exercise the office of State senator, and such to sit in joint assembly on May 9, 1895, to be counted therein in making up the number constituting such joint assembly and to vote therein for a United States Senator?"

The committee says that Mr. Watson did not have this right, and lay down numerous propositions as the basis for their conclusion.

Senator Blanchard to-day gave notice of his intention to introduce an amendment to the agricultural department appropriation bill for the appropriation of \$100,000 to be used in investigating the devastation caused by the cotton boll weevil.

House Proceedings.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The agricultural appropriation bill occupied the attention of the House to-day. A great deal of criticism of Secretary Morton was indulged in on both sides of the political aisle, but as on Saturday no one arose to his defense. At last Mr. Pearson, of North Carolina, got on his feet and asked if there was not some member, Democrat, Populist or Republican, who would raise a voice in his defense. His question was greeted with a chorus of "noes" from all sides of the House. The omission in the bill of a provision for a chief clerk of the bureau of animal industry at a salary of \$2,000, which was made upon the Secretary's recommendation, led to the insinuation

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STIEFF PIANOS AND
PACKARD ORGANS.
Manufacturers' Branch House.

Factory Prices,
Easy Payments,
New Styles Just Out;
Call, Examine, Buy.
J. E. ROGERS,
GENERAL AGENT,
104 Jefferson St.

that the Secretary wanted to legislate out of office P. F. Lyale, free silver Democrat from Missouri, the present incumbent, who was appointed on the recommendation of the Missouri Senators, and it was intimated that Secretary Morton's action was an attempt to retaliate upon Senator Vest, for the latter's attack on him in the Senate about two weeks ago.

An amendment was pending when the House adjourned making the execution of the provision in the bill for the distribution of seed mandatory. It is understood that Mr. Cousins, of Iowa, will to-morrow offer an amendment directing the Secretary of the Treasury to withhold the payment of the Secretary's salary until this provision was executed. An amendment appropriating \$13,360 for a new edition of the "horse-book" was adopted.

Before the bill was taken up the Senate amendments to the urgent deficiency bill were non-concurred and a bill was passed for the examination and classification of lands in the railroad grants in California.

BIDS FOR THE BONDS.

Several Have Defaulted on Their Allotments.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—The question of what disposition shall be made of the bonds upon which the allottees have defaulted by failing to make the required payment of twenty per cent. on receipt of notice of the acceptance of their bids, is now before the Secretary of the Treasury. The amount of these defaults has not yet been ascertained nor is it expected that the exact amount will be learned before the middle and possibly the last of the week, when the reports from several of the sub-treasuries are expected to be in. It is believed, however, that the bid of William Graves and his associates, of New York city, for \$1,500,000 at \$115 33 1/4 is by far the largest, and it is probable that the aggregate will not exceed this amount by more than \$1,000,000 at the most.

J. P. Morgan has filed with Secretary Carlisle on behalf of himself and his associates a claim to all defaulted allotments, under his bid of \$110.68 7/8, and has deposited in the sub-treasury at New York sufficient gold to cover them.

The Secretary, within the last day or two, has received a number of offers to take all bonds upon which default of payment has been made, at figures considerably in excess of the Morgan bid, but he is undoubtedly inclined to the opinion that under the terms of his circular of January 6, he is inhibited from accepting any bids for bonds after that date, and hence it follows that Mr. Morgan and his associates are very likely to get an amount considerably in excess of their first allotment. The Secretary, however, has not yet made an official decision on this point and does not expect to do so before to-morrow.

MALT EXTRACT (Sterilized). THIS STANDARD PREPARATION WILL BE FOUND INVALUABLE AS A GENERAL SPRING TONIC, COMBINING A FOOD, A TONIC AND A MILD STIMULANT ALL IN ONE. MASSIE'S PHARMACY.

SUGAR IN CUBA.

Not Even Half a Crop Will be Made This Year.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Consul-General Williams has submitted to the Department of State tables prepared by a competent sugar statistician, showing that on January 1, 23,809 tons of sugar had been received at Havana of this year's crop, against 145,337 tons received at the same date last year.

United States Consul Hyatt, at Santiago, reports under date of February 1 that the planters in that part of Cuba are now grinding the unburned portions of their cane. The work is much retarded because the hands cannot be induced to work at night, fearing attack by the insurgents. If sugar-making proceeds undisturbed the consul predicts a half crop in his district.

THE COLD WAVE.

The Mercury Drops Below Sixty in New York and Massachusetts.

NEW YORK, Feb. 17.—A cold wave of unusual severity has spread over this section. In this city the mercury indicated 60 4 degrees below zero, the coldest recorded here since the establishment of the weather bureau.

At Saranac Lake the temperature was 49 degrees below zero, the lowest ever recorded there. At Genesee the fall since Saturday noon was 60 degrees, being 18 below zero to-day. Boston and other New England points also report very cold weather.

The Deadlock Continues.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Feb. 17.—A special to the Post from Frankfort says: "The roll call for the twenty-fourth Senatorial ballot showed the smallest attendance of the session, only 106 members being present. Necessary to a choice 54. The expected addition to the anti-Hunter vote did not materialize. The vote resulted: Blackburn, 49; Hunter, 48; Holt, 3; Carlisle, 3; McCrory, 1; Cockran, 1; Bates, 1. No attempt was made to take an additional ballot."

Secretary Carlisle Writes.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.—Secretary Carlisle has written to some of his friends in the Kentucky legislature a letter on the pending Senatorial contest in that body. The letter was written and mailed this morning, but its contents will not be made public except through the parties to whom it was written.

British Marines at Seoul.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The officials of the foreign office confirm the newspaper reports saying that a detachment of British marines, among others, have been landed at Chemulpo and sent to Seoul, capital of Corea, in order to protect the British legation there.

Just Received.

A CAR load of handsome Oak Bedroom Suites, seven different styles. Prices \$22 50 to \$24 for the complete suite, on easy terms, at DONALDSON'S, 120 Salem avenue, and 413 Henry street, opposite new public building.

PANIC AT A SHIRT WAIST FACTORY

Women Fleeing From Fire Leap to Death.

Terrible Scenes at a Burning Building in Troy, N. Y.—The Careless Act of a Boy Causes a Conflagration That Costs Many Lives and Thousands of Dollars Worth of Property.

TROY, N. Y., Feb. 17.—A small boy, carelessly throwing a match into a pile of oily waste, caused a blazing mass of flames, and 300 girls and women, frenzied with fright, fighting for life as the hot flames chased them with hungry tongues, was the beginning of a fire to-night that consumed thousands of dollars worth of property and caused the destruction of many lives.

From the outside of the high building the first notice of the impending disaster was the sight of a body of girls as they rushed out upon the fire escapes from the windows, those who were more fortunate crowding out the entrance. Following them was a mass of smoke with flashes of hot flame in lurid streaks.

Then the mass of frenzied humanity finding the egress too small for instant escape began climbing over the sides of the escapes and bundles of clothing filled with writhing humanity dropped at the feet of horrified passers-by. Within twenty minutes after the fire started there were three dead women laid upon the floor of an adjoining store and at least a dozen burned and maimed girls and women taken to the hospital or to their homes.

Of the 350 girls and women in the building it is presumed that at least a half dozen are in the ruins, for it is impossible to locate all, and the number fixed at a late writing as twenty may be exaggerated.

It was just thirty minutes before closing hours in Stethelm & Co.'s shirt waist factory, on River street, and the 350 girls and women were working rapidly to finish up. In the cutting room on the fifth floor 150 girls were closing up their day's assignments and preparing to leave when the whistle blew. Lillian Kreiger, who was working near a machine, called to a small boy to light the gas over her work. The boy struck a match and threw the burning stub to the floor.

It struck a pile of oily rags and in an instant the girl was enveloped in flames. With her clothes and hair burning she rushed to the window and in an instant the room became a struggling, shrieking mass of humanity, filling the windows, the fire escapes and the only stairway, jamming and pushing, tearing each other's clothes from their backs.

These girls and women fought for their lives to get away from the fiery flames that seemed to grow to monstrous size. With rare presence of mind Policeman Farrell, who was on the street, seeing that in the panic a number were liable to jump, let down the awning over the entrance. Barely was it down when two or three forms came flying down from the fifth and sixth stories and bouncing from the awning fell to the sidewalk.

Lillian Kreiger, over whose machine the fire started, was one of these. She struck the awning, fell on her back and bounced on her hands and knees to the sidewalk. She got up and staggered about until people helped her to her feet again. By this time nearly every window had a female form dangling from it and when the firemen arrived there was a hustle to get the ladders up.

At the center window on the sixth floor a woman hanging by her hands was forced out by the flames licking her face. With a last shriek she let go and came tumbling over and over until she struck the pavement. When picked up it was found that she was Mrs. Margaret Carroll. Her spinal column was forced through into her brain.

Just below her in another window hung a woman turning appealing glances to the crowd. The black smoke was pouring from the window, but as yet no flames were visible and the crowd yelled encouragingly to her to hold on, but a high red flame reached out just then and licked her face, and in an instant her body was rebounding from the pavement. She was Mrs. Foley, a widow, and when picked up was dead.

On the same floor, hanging from another window was a woman, and salvation in the shape of a ladder was almost within her grasp when her strength failed and she went tumbling down to death. She was Mrs. Kane. The firemen and police worked like heroes and to their energy was due a great saving of life. At least a dozen women and girls were carried down the ladders and dragged out of the corridors.

The fire burned so fiercely by this time that no detailed search of the building could be made and from what can be learned there were many girls and women on the three upper stories, either lying in fainting fits or overcome by smoke. It was this fact that led to the rumors that there were at least twenty women dead and the story even at this writing does not seem improbable.

The flames ate down through three floors so quickly that the Western Union Telegraph Company, Jessup & Coopner Grocery Company, and Van Zandt & Jacobs' collar manufactory, had not time to save anything. One house after the fire started, caught from

Schubert
PIANOS.

RICHMOND MUSIC CO.
C. T. JENNINGS, Manager.
Roanoke, Va.

the falling of a portion of the roof, and from it small buildings on the south caught. About 8 o'clock the firemen heard shrieks coming from the two-story building on the south and they discovered an Italian piddler named Joseph Rossi, who kept a stand in front of the building, pinioned by the legs under a heavy beam.

Three policemen started to assist him and with a fireman, worked for three quarters of an hour. They had just about gotten him loose, when, with a roar, the great south walls came crashing down and the horrified spectators saw the brave little group buried from view. When the smoke and dust had cleared there was a rush of willing workers and in a little while the men were taken out. All were injured and had to be removed to the hospital. The Italian will probably die, but the brave policemen, while badly hurt, will recover.

Superintendent Willard, of the police force, says that he saw a number of girls at windows who never came out, but fell back into the flames.

One fireman who was working from the rear saw three girls with their arms wound tightly about each other turn in their frenzy and jump back into the flames. Some of the women who escaped tell of stumbling over prostrate bodies and are positive that a score of girls perished. The girls who did escape live in various suburban places and hurried away, so that until the roll is called in the morning the exact number of missing will not be known.

The loss by the fire is from \$250,000 to \$300,000, with about \$100,000 insurance. At least 500 people are thrown out of employment. The firemen worked to-night with the thermometer down below zero and suffered very much.

Following is the list of unfortunate ones obtained up to 11 o'clock: Dead—Mrs. Margaret Carroll, jumped from window; Mrs. Foley, jumped from window; Mrs. Robert Kane, jumped from window.

Injured: Mamie Day, jumped and badly hurt; Annette Harrington, badly burned; Lillian Oathoul, burned; Mamie Bourke, burned; Lillian Kreiger, burned and badly bruised; James Quinn, under wall, will die; Mrs. Johnston, badly burned, will die; Frank Rosi, Italian, bruised by falling wall; Policeman Burke, bruised by falling wall; Policeman Watson, bruised by falling wall; Fireman McGuire, bruised by falling wall; Lottie Hull, severely burned; Nellie Hull, badly bruised.

Missing and probably dead—Mamie Danks, Katie O'Connor, Miss O'Neill and Miss Herbersher.

Big Fire in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Feb. 17.—The big soap, lye and coffee essence manufactory of P. C. Thompson & Co., 953, 955 and 957 Oregon street, was totally destroyed by fire this morning. The dwelling houses Nos. 31, 33 and 35 Washington avenue, adjoining Thompson's factory, were completely gutted, and the works of the Philadelphia Co-operative Company badly damaged. The total loss will be about \$435,000.

Buckeye Glass Works Burned.

MARTIN'S FERRY, O., Feb. 17.—The Buckeye Glass Works were destroyed by fire this morning. The works were to have started up to-day with non-union hands. The fire was of incendiary origin and the building was doubtless set on fire to prevent the resumption. Several previous attempts had been made to burn the big works. It was owned by A. D. Seamon, of Wheeling, and was worth \$150,000.

A Destructive Fire.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 17.—Fire broke out to-day on the fourth floor of the five-story brick building, 59 South street, owned by the French estate and occupied by several leather firms for storage and warehouses. The flames spread to the fifth floor, destroying practically all on both the upper stories. The total loss is estimated at between \$40,000 and \$50,000; fully insured.

Heavy Fire at Grand Haven.

GRAND HAVEN, Mich., Feb. 17.—The Houseman block on the corner of Pearl and Ottawa streets burned this morning. The losses will aggregate about \$200,000; partially insured. Many of the occupants had narrow escapes. E. L. Wedgewood and wife were painfully burned and were taken to the hospital. Mrs. Raymond and son were also injured.

The Following Testimonial Was Written by Mr. Farmer, Who Is Well Known Throughout Virginia:

HOBIE MUSIC CO., Gentlemen:—I have known and tuned the Lindeman Piano for many years, and regard it as one of the best first-class pianos made. In fact, the Lindeman pianos are strictly artistic instruments, therefore appeal to all musicians who must admire the tone and touch, as well as the elegantly finished cases.

They are thoroughly well made of the best material, hence absolutely durable. Very truly,
H. L. FARMER.

The Slaughtered Armenians.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—Another "Blue Book" on Armenia was published to-day covering the period between September 3, 1895, and February 11, 1896. It contains a table prepared by a committee of delegates from the embassies of the six powers, showing that the total number of persons massacred, concerning whose fate accurate information has been obtained, is 25,000.

Sexton Will Not Lead.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—In response to the letter addressed to him by Timothy Healy, Thomas Sexton has finally refused to accept the leadership of the Irish party, notwithstanding Mr. Healy's earnest appeal to him to do so and his promise of the hearty support of the Healyites.

It Must Be True.

LONDON, Feb. 17.—The British vice consul at Archangel, it is now known, received the news of Dr. Nansen's safety from the governor of Archangel. It is not stated whence the latter obtained his information.

IN THE VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE

Some of the Work of Our Solons Yesterday.

The Senate Census Bill Reported to the House—Bill to Secure Minority Representation at Elections—Bill to Annex Berkeley to Norfolk Introduced in the House—Bill to Prevent Cruelty to Children.

RICHMOND, Feb. 17.—The election bill which passed the senate Saturday was reported to the house this morning, and was referred to the committee on privileges and elections. This committee will hold a special meeting at 4 p. m. to-morrow.

The senate committee on courts of justice held a meeting but reached no vote on the Maupin bill.

Mr. Wale introduced in the house a bill to secure minority representation on the county and city canvassing boards of election and on the boards of judges of elections at several election districts or precincts and for the appointment of inspectors or watchers at precincts.

Mr. Stubbs, chairman of the special committee charged with investigation of Randolph's charges against the Deaf, Dumb and Blind Institution, is absent with the committee visiting schools and colleges. It is not known when there will be another meeting of the committee.

This morning the senate committee on general laws decided to report favorably a bill looking to increasing the efficiency of the First regiment of infantry Virginia Volunteers.

Mr. Foster introduced in the house a bill to annex Berkeley to Norfolk.

The senate committee on courts of justice will report favorably the bill for the prevention of cruelty to children.

THE PEARL BRYAN MURDER.

Complete Chain of Evidence Against Jackson and Walling.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 17.—The detectives to-day learned that Pearl Bryan was kept at the Herman Hotel in Newport on the night previous to her murder. After finding the driver and the surly used by Jackson and Walling in taking their victim from Cincinnati to the Kentucky highlands for decapitation the officers to-day are working in Newport.

They have now a complete chain of evidence against Jackson and Walling from the time Pearl Bryan came here from Green County, Ind., Monday, January 27, till Friday night, January 31, when she was murdered in a secluded spot between Fort Thomas and Newport, Ky.

Governor Bushnell will hear the requisition case to-morrow, after which there is no doubt of the transfer of the two suspects to Sheriff Plummer, of Campbell county, Ky., who will hold them in the Newport jail. They are under indictment and will have a speedy trial.

KILLED THEM HIMSELF.

Laughlin Confessed That He Murdered His Wife and Niece.

AUGUSTA, Ky., Feb. 17.—Robert Laughlin, who, on Saturday morning reported that his house was burned by murderers, who attacked him with knives, and whose wife and niece were burned in the building, has confessed that he was the murderer.

The general theory is that he first assaulted his niece and then killed her and his wife to hide the crime, but he denies this and says he could not tell what put it in his mind to brain them with a poker while they were asleep. Blood was found on his shirt, and it was the question by the officers how he would account for that at the coroner's inquest which drew from him the confession. To prevent lynching it was arranged to take Laughlin to the jail at Maysville.

One Lad Kills Another.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Feb. 17.—George Demates and James Miller, two 13-year-old lads, had a difficulty to-day, in which the former was struck on the heart with a small piece of iron and instantly killed. His heart was paralyzed. The coroner's inquest will be held to-morrow. The boys were old playmates and began the quarrel over a trivial matter.

Waylaid and Killed.

MIDDLESBORO, Ky., Feb. 17.—J. Jackson was waylaid and shot and killed near the Half way house on Saturday night. Jackson usually kept a large sum of money about him and evidently the object of the assassin was robbery. No clue.

Maceo Makes Another Move.

HAVANA, Feb. 17.—It is now reported that Maceo has succeeded in crossing the Miliki line drawn across the island to prevent his escape from the province of Pinar del Rio, that he has passed between Neptuno and Waterloo, on the south coast, and has entered the province of Havana.

THE LATEST STYLES

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Easy Payments.
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